

To:



From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

Assistant Commissioner for

Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office Box PCT Washington, D.C.20231

ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 21 October 1999 (21.10.99)	in its capacity as elected Office
International application No. PCT/US98/03811	Applicant's or agent's file reference F8172-8059
International filing date (day/month/year) 20 March 1998 (20.03.98)	Priority date (day/month/year)
Applicant ATSUMI, Eiji et al	

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:	
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:	
	10 September 1999 (10.09.99)	
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:	
2.	The election X was	
	was not made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applic	es, within the time limit under
	Rule 32.2(b).	
:		

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

A. Karkachi

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTICE INFORMING THE APPLICANT OF THE COMMUNICATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION TO THE DESIGNATED OFFICES

(PCT Rule 47.1(c), first sentence)

1 10:

GOLDHUSH, Douglas, H. Nikaido, Marmelstein, Murray and

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

Oram LLP Suite 330

Metropolitan Square - "G" Street

Lobby

655 15th Street, N.W.

Washington, DC 20005-5701

ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

30 September 1999 (30.09.99)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

F8172-8059

IMPORTANT NOTICE

International application No.

PCT/US98/03811

International filing date (day/month/year) 20 March 1998 (20.03.98)

Priority date (day/month/year)

Applicant

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP. et al

 Notice is hereby given that the International Bureau has communicated, as provided in Article 20, the international application to the following designated Offices on the date indicated above as the date of mailing of this Notice: AU,CN,EP,IL,JP,KP,KR,US

In accordance with Rule 47.1(c), third sentence, those Offices will accept the present Notice as conclusive evidence that the communication of the international application has duly taken place on the date of mailing indicated above and no copy of the international application is required to be furnished by the applicant to the designated Office(s).

2. The following designated Offices have waived the requirement for such a communication at this time:

AL,AM,AP,AT,AZ,BA,BB,BG,BR,BY,CA,CH,CU,CZ,DE,DK,EA,EE,ES,FI,GB,GE,GH,GM,GW,HU,ID,IS,KE,KG,KZ,LC,LK,LR,LS,LT,LU,LV,MD,MG,MK,MN,MW,MX,NO,NZ,OA,PL,PT,RO,RU,SD,SE,SG,

SI,SK,SL,TJ,TM,TR,TT,UA,UG,UZ,VN,YU,ZW
The communication will be made to those Offices only upon their request. Furthermore, those Offices do not require the applicant to furnish a copy of the international application (Rule 49.1(a-bis)).

 Enclosed with this Notice is a copy of the international application as published by the International Bureau on 30 September 1999 (30.09.99) under No. WO 99/49413

REMINDER REGARDING CHAPTER II (Article 31(2)(a) and Rule 54.2)

If the applicant wishes to postpone entry into the national phase until 30 months (or later in some Offices) from the priority date, a demand for international preliminary examination must be filed with the competent International Preliminary Examining Authority before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date.

It is the applicant's sole responsibility to monitor the 19-month time limit.

Note that only an applicant who is a national or resident of a PCT Contracting State which is bound by Chapter II has the right to file a demand for international preliminary examination.

REMINDER REGARDING ENTRY INTO THE NATIONAL PHASE (Article 22 or 39(1))

If the applicant wishes to proceed with the international application in the **national phase**, he must, within 20 months or 30 months, or later in some Offices, perform the acts referred to therein before each designated or elected Office.

For further important information on the time limits and acts to be performed for entering the national phase, see the Annex to Form PCT/IB/301 (Notification of Receipt of Record Copy) and Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

J. Zahra

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

PCT

INFORMATION CONCERNING ELECTED OFFICES NOTIFIED OF THEIR ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.3)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

GOLDHUSH, Douglas, H.
Nikaido, Marmelstein, Murray and
Oram LLP
Suite 330
Metropolitan Square - "G" Street
Lobby
655 15th Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20005-5701
ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

21 October 1999 (21.10.99)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

F8172-8059

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

International application No. PCT/US98/03811

International filing date (day/month/year)
20 March 1998 (20.03.98)

Priority date (day/month/year)

Applicant

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP. et al.

1. The applicant is hereby informed that the International Bureau has, according to Article 31(7), notified each of the following Offices of its election:

AP:GH,GM,KE,LS,MW,SD,SZ,UG,ZW

EP:AT,BE,CH,DE,DK,ES,FI,FR,GB,GR,IE,IT,LU,MC,NL,PT,SE

National :AU,BG,BR,CA,CN,CZ,DE,IL,JP,KP,KR,MN,NO,NZ,PL,RO,RU,SE,SK,US

2. The following Offices have waived the requirement for the notification of their election; the notification will be sent to them by the International Bureau only upon their request:

EA:AM,AZ,BY,KG,KZ,MD,RU,TJ,TM

OA:BF,BJ,CF,CG,CI,CM,GA,GN,ML,MR,NE,SN,TD,TG

National :AL,AM,AT,AZ,BA,BB,BY,CH,CU,DK,EE,ES,FI,GB,GE,GH,GM,GW,HU,ID,IS,KE,KG,KZ,LC,LK,LR,LS,LT,LU,LV,MD,MG,MK,MW,MX,PT,SD,SG,SI,SL,TJ,TM,TR,TT,UA,UG,UZ,VN,YU,ZW

3. The applicant is reminded that he must enter the "national phase" before the expiration of 30 months from the priority date before each of the Offices listed above. This must be done by paying the national fee(s) and furnishing, if prescribed, a translation of the international application (Article 39(1)(a)), as well as, where applicable, by furnishing a translation of any annexes of the international preliminary examination report (Article 36(3)(b) and Rule 74.1).

Some offices have fixed time limits expiring later than the above-mentioned time limit. For detailed information about the applicable time limits and the acts to be performed upon entry into the national phase before a particular Office, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The entry into the European regional phase is postponed until 31 months from the priority date for all States designated for the purposes of obtaining a European patent.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer:

A. Karkachi

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

Form PCT/IB/332 (September 1997)

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

•	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU			
PCT	To:			
NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING OF A CHANGE (PCT Rule 92bis.1 and Administrative Instructions, Section 422) Date of mailing (day/month/year) 15 September 1999 (15.09.99)	GOLDHUSH, Douglas, H. Nikaido, Marmelstein, Murray and Oram LLP Suite 330 Metropolitan Square - "G" Street Lobby 655 15th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-5701 ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE			
Applicant's or agent's file reference F8172-8059	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION			
International application No. PCT/US98/03811	International filing date (day/month/year) 20 March 1998 (20.03.98)			
1. The following indications appeared on record concerning: X the applicant	the agent the common representative			
Name and Address MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP.	State of Nationality State of Residence JP JP			
5-1-1, Ofuna Kamakura Kanagawa 247 Japan	Telephone No.			
	Facsimile No.			
	Teleprinter No.			
2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the	of Harris share has been recorded concerning:			
the person the name X the add				
Name and Address MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP.	State of Nationality State of Residence JP JP			
2-3, Marunouchi 2-chome Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8310 Japan	Telephone No.			
	Facsimile No.			
	Teleprinter No.			
3. Further observations, if necessary:				
3. Further observations, if necessary:				
4. A copy of this notification has been sent to:				
X the receiving Office	the designated Offices concerned			
the International Searching Authority	the elected Offices concerned			
the International Preliminary Examining Authority	other:			
	Authorized officer			
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Jocelyne Rey-Millet			
Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38			

Form PCT/IB/306 (March 1994)

002843817

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU PCT To: GOLDHUSH, Douglas, H. NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING Nikaido, Marmelstein, Murray and Oram LLP **OF A CHANGE** Suite 330 (PCT Rule 92bis.1 and Metropolitan Square - "G" Street Administrative Instructions, Section 422) Lobby 655 15th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-5701 Date of mailing (day/month/year) ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE 15 September 1999 (15.09.99) Applicant's or agent's file reference **IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION** F8172-8059 International application No. International filing date (day/month/year) PCT/US98/03811 20 March 1998 (20.03.98) 1. The following indications appeared on record concerning: X the applicant the inventor the agent the common representative Name and Address State of Nationality State of Residence ATSUMI, Eiji 9317 Sudbury Road Silver Spring, MD 20901 United States of America JP US Telephone No. Facsimile No. Teleprinter No. 2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the following change has been recorded concerning: the person the address the name the nationality X the residence State of Nationality State of Residence Name and Address JP JP ATSUMI, Eiji c/o Mitsubishi Electric Corp. Information Technology R & D Center 5-1-1 Ofuna Kamakura-shi, 247-8501 Telephone No. Japan Facsimile No. Teleprinter No. 3. Further observations, if necessary: 4. A copy of this notification has been sent to: X the receiving Office the designated Offices concerned the International Searching Authority the elected Offices concerned the International Preliminary Examining Authority other: Authorized officer The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes

Form PCT/IB/306 (March 1994)

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

002843818

Jocelyne Rey-Millet

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38



REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

For rec	eivii	ng C	Mic	e u	se o	nly	_
PCT/US	9	8	/	n	3	8	1

International Application No.

2 0 MAR 1998 International Filing Date 20.03.98)

PCT INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION RO/US

Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"

		,		
			Applicant's or agent's (if desired) (12 charac	
Box No. I LOSSY/LOS	TITLE OF INVENTION SLESS REGION-OF-INTER	EST IMAGE CODI		
Box No. II	APPLICANT			
The address mus Box is the applic University of	hnology Liaison load	f country. The country	of the address indicated	This person is also inventor. Telephone No. 301-405-4209 Facsimile No. 301-314-9871 Teleprinter No.
State (i.e. coun	ntry) of nationality:		State (i.e. country) o	of residence:
This person is for the purpose	applicant all designated es of:	all designated the United St	d States except	the United States the States indicated in of America only the Supplemental Box
Box No. III	FURTHER APPLICANT((S) AND/OR (FURT		
The address mus	Kamakura	country. The country	of the address indicated i	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
State (i.e. coun JP	try) of nationality:		State (i.e. country) of	f residence:
This person is for the purpose	applicant all designated states	all designated the United Sta		the United States the States indicated in of America only the Supplemental Box
Yurther ap	pplicants and/or (further) inven	tors are indicated on	a continuation sheet.	
Box No. IV	AGENT OR COMMON R	EPRESENTATIVE	; OR ADDRESS FOR	R CORRESPONDENCE
of the applican	entified below is hereby/has beent(s) before the competent Intern	national Authorities a	as:	
GOLDHUSH,		must include postal c	a legal entity, full off ode and name of count	202-638-5000
655 15th Stre	melstein, Murray and Oram I eet N.W. Suite 330 Squre - "G" Street Lobby	LLP		Facsimile No 202-638-4810
AUS	DC 20005-5701			Teleprinter No.
Mark thi indicate	is check-box where no agent or a special address to which com	common representate espondence should be	ive is/has been appoint e sent.	ted and the space above is used instead to

Sheet No. . . . 2

Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICATION	ANTS AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTORS
If none of the following sub-boxes	is used, this sheet is not to be included in the request.
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a latter address must include postal code and name of country. The collows is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of ATSUMI, Eiji 9317 Sudbury Road Silver Spring, MD 20901 US	ountry of the address indicated in this
	inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
State (i.e. country) of nationality: JP	State (i.e. country) of residence: US
This person is applicant all designated all designated for the purposes of:	gnated States except the United States the States indicated in the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a le The address must include postal code and name of country. The co Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of a FARVARDIN, Namman 10312 Nolan Drive Rockville, MD 20850 US	ountry of the address indicated in this
State (i.e. country) of nationality: US	State (i.e. country) of residence: US
This person is applicant all designated all designor the purposes of:	mated States except the United States the States indicated in the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a le The address must include postal code and name of country. The co Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of r	regal entity, full official designation. untry of the address indicated in this residence is indicated below.) This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
State (i.e. country) of nationality:	State (i.e. country) of residence:
This person is applicant all designated all designor the purposes of:	nated States except the United States the States indicated in the States of America only the Supplemental Box
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a leg The address must include postal code and name of country. The cou Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of re	untry of the address indicated in this This person is:
State (i.e. country) of nationality:	State (i.e. country) of residence:
This person is applicant all designated all design the purposes of: all designated the Unite	nated States except de States of America of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated	d on another continuation sheet.

		GB	United Kingdom	X	SK	Slovakia
		GE	Georgia	\boxtimes	SŁ	Sierra Leone
		GH	Ghana	\boxtimes	TJ	Tajikistan
		GM	Gambia	\boxtimes	TM	
		GW	Guinea-Bissau	\boxtimes	TR	Turkey
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a	applica	ınt dec	clares that those additional designations are subjections	ct to co	nfirm	ation and that any designation which is not confirmed
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Box	No.V	DESIGNATION OF STATES						
The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (mark the applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked):								
	Regional Patent							
×	AP	ARIPO Patent: GH Ghana, GM Gambia, KE UG Uganda, ZW Zimbabwe, and any other State when the state of the state	Kenya, nich is a	LS i	Lesotho, MW Malawi, SD Sudan, SZ Swaziland, racting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT			
	EA	EA Eurasian Patent: AM Armenia, AZ Azerbaijan, BY Belarus, KG Kyrgyzstan, KZ Kazakhstan, MD Republic of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, TJ Tajikistan, TM Turkmenistan, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT						
	EP	Spain. Fi Finland. FK France. Gb United Kii	กอสกกา	(JR	rland and Liechtenstein, DE Germany, DK Denmark, ES Greece, IE Ireland, IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC other State which is a Contracting State of the European			
Natio	onal F	atent (if other kind of protection or treatment desired						
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		Armenia	X		Luxembourg			
	AT	Austria	X		Latvia			
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under t	In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except the designation(s) of							
applica	ınt de	clares that those additional designations are subject	t to se	nfirm	ation and that any designation which is not confirmed			
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confirmation fees. Confirmation must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.) Form PCT/RO/101 (second sheet) (January 1998)

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limit. (Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice specifying that designation and the payment of the designation and

CT/US 98/03811

Sheet No. ...4...

item (2) item (3) Mark the following check-box if the certified copy of the earlier application is to be issued by the Office which for the present international application is the receiving Office (a fee may be required): The receiving Office is hereby requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s): Box No. VII INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY Choice of International Searching Authority (ISA) (If two or more International Searching Authorities are competent to carry out the international search, indicate the Authority chases, the two-letter code may be used): Earlier search Fill in where a search (international search, indicate the Authority chases, the two-letter code may be used): Earlier search Fill in where a search (international search, indicate the Authority chases, the two-letter code may be used): Earlier search Fill in where a search (international search, indicate the Authority chases, the two-letter code may be used): Earlier search Fill in where a search (international search, indicate the Authority chases, the two-letter code may be used): Earlier search Fill in where a search (international search, indicate the Authority chases, the two-letter code may be used): Earlier search Fill in where a search (international search, indicate the Authority chases, the two-letter code may be used): Earlier search Fill in where a search (international search, indicate the Authority chases, the Authority chases, the Authority chases, the Authority of now requested to be the international search, in the estional possible, on the reduction of the search required competent of a search indications to competent of the search required in the Search required in Box No. VII CHECK LIST This international application is accompanied by the item(s) marked by search required competent of the purported of the purported international application: 1. power of attorney S. fee calculation No. 1 (figs.) marked by search requ	Box
(in which, or for which, the application was filed) (day/month/year) (item (1) ()	
item (2) Item (3)	of filing regional or l application)
item (3) Mark the following check-box if the certified copy of the earlier application is to be issued by the Office which for the present international application is the receiving Office (a fee may be required): The receiving Office is hereby requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s): Box No. VII INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY Choles of International Searching Authority (ISA) (If two or more International Searching Authorities are competent to carry out the international search, indicate the Authority chosen; the two-letter code may be used): ISA/US Earlier search Fill in where a search (international, international-type or other) by the International Searching Authority is now requested to base the international search, in the extent possible, on the results of that out or request either by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translational application is accompanied by the item(s) marked by International application is accompanied by the item(s) marked by International application is accompanied by the item(s) marked by International application is accompanied by the item(s) marked by International application is accompanied by the item(s) marked by International application is accompanied by the item(s) marked by International application is accompanied by International application: 1.	
Mark the following check-box if the certified copy of the earlier application is to be issued by the Office which for the present international application is the receiving Office (a fee may be required): The receiving Office is hereby requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s): Box No. VII INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY Choles of International Searching Authority (ISA) (If two or more International Searching Authorities are competent to carry out the international search, indicate the Authority chosen; the two-letter code may be used): ISA/US Earlier search Fill in where a search (international, international-type or other) by the International Searching Authority is now requested to base the international search, in the purport of the extent possible, on the results of that out or request either by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation in thereof) or by reference to the relevant application for the translation in the results of that out or requested and the Authority is now requested to base the international search, to the extent possible, on the results of that out or requested and the Authority is now requested to base the international search, to the extent possible, on the results of that out or requested and the Authority is now requested to base the international application for the translation for the translation thereof) or by reference to the treewant application for the translation for the translation for the translation for the translation in the required to the fee calculation sheet. 1. request 4 sheets 2. description 16 sheets 3. claims 8 sheets 4. abstract 1 sheets 5. drawings 11 sheets 7. fee calculation sheet copy of general 6 deposited microorgani statement explaining 7 mucleotide and/or arning statement explaining 7 mucleotide and/or arning statement explaining 7 mucleotide and/or arning statement	
Mark the following check-box if the certified copy of the earlier application is to be issued by the Office which for the present international application is the receiving Office (a fee may be required): The receiving Office is hereby requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s): Box No. VII INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY Choice of International Searching Authority (ISA) (if two or more International Searching Authorities are competent to carry out the international search, indicate the Authority chosen; the two-letter code may be used): ISA/ US Earlier search Fill in where a search (international, international-type or other) by the International Searching Authority in our or requested to do set the international search to request either by reference to the relevant application for the translation thereof) or by reference to the relevant application or the translation thereof) or by reference to the search request Country (or regional Office): Date (day/month/year): This international application ontains the following number of sheets: 1. request: 4 sheets 2. description: 16 sheets 3. claims: 8 sheets 4. abstract: 1 sheets 5. drawings: 11 sheets Total: 40 sheets Total: 40 sheets Total: 40 sheets Total: 40 sheets Total: 40 sheets Figure No. 11 of the drawings (if any) should accompany the abstract when it is published. Box No. IX SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT OR AGENT Douglas H. Goldhush Agent of Record A [Reg. No. 33,125] 1. Date of actual receipt of the purported To Record Reg. No. 33,125] 1. Date of actual receipt of the purported To Record Reg. No. 33,125]	
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Form PCT/RO/101 (last sheet) (January 1994; reprint January 1998)

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See Notes to the request form

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXA	AMINING AUTHORITY				
To: DOUGLAS H. GOLDHUSH NIKAIDO, MARMELSTEIN, M 655 15TH STREET, N.W. SUITE 330 METROPOLITAN SQUARE - "O WASHINGTON, DC 20005-5701	URRAY & ORMA LLP G" STREET LOBBY		PCT WRITTEN OPINION (PCT Rule 66)		
		Date of Mailing (day/month/year)	29 NOV 1999		
Applicant's or agent's file reference F8172-8059			ithin TWO months om the above date of mailing		
International application No.	International filing date				
PCT/US98/03811	20 MARCH 1998		NONE		
International Patent Classification (IPC) IPC(6): G06K 9/36 and US Cl.: 383 Applicant UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND	or both national classifi 2/240	cation and IPC			
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For the form and the language of the amendments, see Rules 66.8 and 66.9. Also For an additional opportunity to submit amendments, see Rule 66.4. For the examiner's obligation to consider amendments and/or arguments, see Rule 66.4 bis. For an informal communication with the examiner, see Rule 66.6. If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examination report will be established on the basis of this opinion. 4. The final date by which the international preliminary examination report must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 20 JULY 2000					
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/I		Authorized officer	error		
Commissioner of Patents and Tradem: Box PCT	arks	DHANTARAY	Jone Hill		
Washington, D.C. 20231		BIJAN TADAYO			
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	100	Telephone No. (7	03) 308-7595		
orm PCT/IPEA/408 (cover sheet) (Janua	iry 1994)★				

WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

PCT/US98/03811

I. Ba	asis o	f the opinion		
1. This	opinio	on has been drawn	on the basis of (Substitute	sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response t
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WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

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Novelty (N)	Claims	NONE	YE
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Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	1-20	YE
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WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

PCT/US98/03811

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Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII

Sheet 10

TIME LIMIT:

The time limit set for response to a Written Opinion may not be extended. 37 CFR 1.484(d). Any response received after the expiration of the time limit set in the Written Opinion will not be considered in preparing the International Preliminary Examination Report.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

Hand Carry to PCT Attn: IPEA/US

In re the application of: University of Maryland, et al.

International Application Number: PCT/US98/03811

Filed: March 20, 1998

For: LOSSY/LOSSLESS REGION-OF-INTEREST IMAGE CODING

REPLY TO WRITTEN OPINION

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, DC 20231

January 27, 2000

Sir:

Applicants acknowledge receipt of the PCT Written Opinion dated November 29, 1999, and respectfully submit the following comments as a response thereto.

Claims 1-20 were indicated as lacking novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Shapiro (U.S. Patent No. 5,412,741). The Written Opinion took the position that Shapiro disclosed all of the elements of claims 1-20, regarding compression, sorting, and prioritizing the data. The Written Opinion also indicated that claims 1-20 met the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(4), as being useful for compression, sorting, and prioritizing the data.

Applicants respectfully submit that each of claims 1-20 should be found to be novel and to contain an inventive step as required by PCT practice.

Independent claim 1, upon which claims 2-4 are dependent, is directed to a method of image compression, with the method comprising the steps of providing digital image data in a computer-readable format, with the digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels. A region of interest of an image is selected, said image being represented by the digital image data. The digital image data is sorted and prioritized according to at least two priority categories, with digital image data corresponding to the region of interest having a higher priority than digital

image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest. The sorted and prioritized digital image data is then transmitted to a remote location, with the digital information data corresponding to the region of interest being transmitted with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

Independent claim 5, upon which claims 17 and 18 are dependent, is directed to a method for encoding and decoding an image, with the method comprising the steps of providing digital image data in a computer-readable format, with the digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels. The digital image data is sorted according to a mathematical sorting protocol. The digital image data is sorted and prioritized according to a predetermined prioritization formula. The sorted data is transmitted to a receiver, and the sorting and transmitting is repeated until a partial reconstructed image appears on a display at the receiver. A region of interest is then selected based upon the partial reconstructed image, and data is transmitted from the receiver to a computer, transmitting data identifying the selected region of interest. The sorting of the digital image data is modified based upon the selected region of interest. Digital image data corresponding to the region of interest is sorted and prioritized to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest. The modified sorted and prioritized data is transmitted to the receiver, with the region of interest being transmitted with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

Independent claim 6, upon which claim 19 is dependent, is directed to a system for compressing a digital image, with the system comprising input means for inputting digital image data in computer-readable format with the digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels for an image. A display means is connected to the input means for displaying the digital image data, and a selecting means is connected to the display means for selecting a region of interest of an image represented by the digital image data. Sorting and prioritizing means are connected to the selecting means for sorting and prioritizing the digital image data according to at least two priority categories. The digital image data corresponding to the region of interest has a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest. Transmitting means are provided for transmitting the sorted and prioritized data to a remote location. The transmitting means transmits the digital image

data corresponding to the region of interest with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

Independent claim 9 is directed to a system for encoding and decoding an image. Claim 9 includes input means, sorting means, transmitting means, receiving means, selecting means, and region of interest transmitting means, for transmitting data corresponding to a selected region of interest to the sorting means. The sorting means of claim 9 modifies the sorting of the digital image based upon data corresponding to the selected region of interest. Digital image data corresponding to the selected region of interest is sorted and prioritized by the sorting means to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the selected region of interest. The transmitting means transmits the modified sorted and prioritized data to the receiving means, with the selected region of interest being transmitted with a higher priority than areas outside of the region of interest.

Claims 10-13 are directed to computer programs embodied on a computer readable medium, with these computer programs being directed to region of interest prioritization. Claim 14 is directed to a method of image compression, and claim 16 is dependent thereupon.

As a result of the claimed configurations of the invention, an efficient image compression/decompression method and apparatus are provided wherein parts of an image can be compressed with a higher level of fidelity in the reproduced image than other parts of the image, based upon the region-of-interest selection. This results in faster and more efficient rendering of images using various types of computer equipment. It is respectfully submitted that Shapiro fails to disclose or suggest the present invention, and therefore fails to provide the critical and unobvious advantages discussed above.

Shapiro is directed to an apparatus and method for compressing information, utilizing zerotree coding of wavelet coefficients to dynamically generate a list of coefficient indices to be scanned. However, the use of wavelet coefficients as disclosed in Shapiro is for the purpose of improving the efficiency of the overall compression based upon an algorithm. The algorithm attempts to determine significance of particular coefficients, and estimate the significance of various coefficients for avoiding redundancy. The zerotree coding of Shapiro, therefore, is such that the coding order

is determined based upon the magnitude of the transformed coefficients of a wavelet transform image. This is significantly different from the present invention, wherein the coding order for transform coefficients is different within the selected region of interest than outside of the selected region of interest. By using the different criteria for the coding, the invention enables a user to select a region of interest which requires a higher quality or a higher resolution than other aspects of the image, and enable a more lossy yet faster compression algorithm to be used on the unselected regions of the image. Shapiro fails to disclose or suggest any configuration which enables a region of interest to be selected, and which therefore enables compression and decompression according to the systems, methods, and computer programs of the present claims.

In view of the fact that Shapiro fails to disclose or to suggest the elements of the independent claims, then Shapiro cannot be found to disclose or suggest the subject matter of any of the claims which are dependent thereupon.

In view of the above, applicants strongly but respectfully submit that the subject matter of each of claims 1-20 meets the criteria for novelty and inventive step under PCT practice. It is therefore respectfully requested that, upon reconsideration, a favorable examination report be issued in due course.

In the event that there are any fees due with respect to this paper, please charge Counsel's Deposit Account No. 01-2300.

Respectfully submitted,

ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN & KAHN PLLC

Douglas/H. Goldhush Attorney for applicants Reg. No. 33,125

Atty. Docket No. F8172-8059

1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Suite 600 Washington, D.C. 20036-5339 Tel (202) 638-5000 Fax (202) 638-4810

DHG:scc:arw

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To: DOUGLAS H. GOLDHUSH
NIKAIDO, MARMELSTEIN, MURRAY & ORMA LLP
655 15TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 330
METROPOLITAN SQUARE - "G" STREET LOBBY
WASHINGTON, DC 20005-5701

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of Mailing (day/month/year)

05 APR 2000

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

Applicant's or agent's file reference

F8172-8059

International (day/month/year) 20 MARCH 1998

filing date

Priority Date (day/month/year)

NONE

PCT/US98/03811

Applicant

International application No.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices)(Article 39(1))(see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/US

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT

Washington, D.C. 20231

Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230

Authorized officer

BIJAN TADAYON

Joni

Hill

Telephone No. (703) 308-7595

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference			
F8172-8059	FOR FURTHER ACT	ION See Notif Preliminary	ication of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No. PCT/US98/03811	International (day/month/year) 20 MARCH 1998	filing date	Priority date (day/month/year) NONE
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US98/03811

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3.	This to go	report has been es beyond the disclo	stablished as if (some of) sture as filed, as indicated	the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered in the Supplemental Box Additional observations below (Rule 70.2(c)).
4. Add	itional	observations, if	necessary:	
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

		PC1/US98/U381	11
 Reasoned statement under Article 3: citations and explanations supportin 	5(2) with rega	ard to novelty, inventive step or indusent	trial applicability;
. STATEMENT	<u> </u>		
Novelty (N)	Claims	NONE	YES
	Claims	1-20	
Inventive Step (IS)	C1- :		
mventive step (13)	Claims Claims	1-20	YES
	01411110		NO
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	1-20	YES
(20)	Claims	NONE	NO
he data. 3. Applicant argues that the reference does reference and sorting and prioritizing the dischapiro (US patent number 5412741)) teach and sorting and prioritizing the digital image.	gital image data. nes those feature	. However, the examiner disagrees becaus s: selecting a region of interest (column 8)	e the reference
applicant a argument is not convincing.		5, figure 4, figures 9, 11; column 8 lines	I-1/). Thus, the
NONE NEW CITATIONS			
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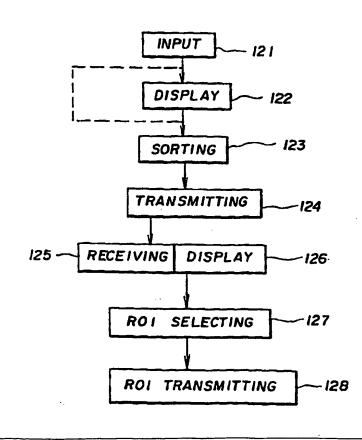
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(54) Title: LOSSY/LOSSLESS REGION-OF-INTEREST IMAGE CODING

(57) Abstract

A method and apparatus for encoding digital image data wherein region of interest can be specified either before the encoding process has begun or during the encoding process (127), such that the priority of the encoder outputs are modified so as to place more emphasis on the region of interest, therefore increasing the speed and/or increasing the fidelity of the reconstructed region of interest. The system, therefore, enables more effective reconstruction of digital images over communication lines (128).



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TITLE OF THE INVENTION:

LOSSY/LOSSLESS REGION-OF-INTEREST IMAGE CODING BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION:

Field of the Invention:

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Modern computers and modern computer networks enable the transfer of a significant amount of information between computers and between a computer and a storage device. When computers access local storage devices such as a local hard drive or local floppy drive, significant amounts of information can be quickly accessed. However, when seeking to access data from a remote storage location such as over a wide area network (WAN) or the internet, data transfer rates are significantly slower. Transferring large files, therefore, takes significant amounts of time. Additionally, storage of large files utilizes valuable and limited storage space. Photographic images and similar graphical images typically are considered to be large files, since an image conventionally requires information on each picture element or pixel in the image. Photographs and similar graphical images, therefore, typically require over one megabyte of storage space, and therefore require significant transmission times over slow network communications. In recent years, therefore, numerous protocols and standards have been developed for compressing photographic images to reduce the amount of storage space required to store photographic images, and to reduce transfer and rendering The compression methods essentially create mathematical or times. statistical approximations of the original image.

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Compression methods can broadly be categorized into two separate categories: Lossy compression methods are methods wherein there is a certain amount of loss of fidelity of the image; in other words, close inspection of the reproduced image would show a loss of fidelity of the image. Lossless compression methods are ones where the original image is reproduced exactly after decoding. The present invention is directed to an efficient image compression method and apparatus wherein part of an image can be compressed with a higher level of fidelity in the reproduced image than other

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parts of the image, based on a selection of a region-of-interest by the user who is initially encoding or compressing the image, or the user who receives and decodes the image data through interaction with the encoding side.

Description of the Related Art:

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A currently popular standard for compressing images is called the JPEG or "J-peg" standard. This standard was developed by a committee called The Joint Photographic Experts Group, and is popularly used to compress still images for storage or network transmission. Recent papers by Said and Pearlman discuss new image coding and decoding methods based upon set partitioning in hierarchical trees (SPIHT). See Said and Pearlman, Image Codec Based on Set Partitioning in Hierarchical Trees, IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems for Video Technology, vol. 6, no. 3, June 1996, and Said and Pearlman, Image Multi-Resolution Representation, IEEE Transactions on Image Processing, vol. 5, no. 9, September 1996. The contents of these papers are hereby incorporated by reference. These references disclose computer software which, when loaded and running on a general purpose computer, performs a method and creates an apparatus which utilizes integer wavelet transforms which provide lossy compression by bit accuracy and lossless compression within a same embedded bit stream, or apparatus which utilizes non-integer wavelet transforms which provide lossy compression by bit accuracy within a single embedded bit stream. An image which is initially stored as a two dimensional array representing a plurality of individual pixels prioritizes bits according to a transform coefficient for progressive image transmission. The most important information is selected by determining significant or insignificant elements with respect to a given threshold utilizing subset partitioning. The progressive transmission scheme disclosed by Said and Pearlman selects the most important information to be transmitted first based upon the magnitude of each transform coefficient; if the transform is unitary, the larger the magnitude, the more information the coefficient conveys in the mean squared error (MSE, $D_{mse}())$ sense;

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$$D_{\text{mse}} (p - \hat{p}) = \frac{\|p - \hat{p}\|^2}{N} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i} \sum_{j} (p_{i,j} - \hat{p}_{i,j})^2$$

where (i,j) is the pixel coordinate, with p, therefore representing a pixel value. Two dimensional array c is coded according to $c = \Omega$ (p), with $\Omega(\cdot)$ being used to represent a unitary hierarchical subband transformation. Said and Pearlman make the assumption that each pixel coordinate and value is represented according to a fixed-point binary format with a relatively small number of bits which enables the element to be treated as an integer for the purposes of coding. The reconstructed image \hat{p} is performed by setting a reconstruction vector \hat{c} to 0, and calculating the image as:

$$\hat{\mathbf{p}} = \Omega^{-1} (\hat{\mathbf{c}})$$

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N is the number of image pixels, and the above calculation for mean squared-error distortion can therefore be made. Using mathematical assumptions, it is known that the mean squared-error distortion measure decreases by $\| c_{i,j} \|^2 / N$. This fact enables pixel values to be ranked according to their binary representation, with the most significant bits (MSBs) being transmitted first, and also enables pixel coefficients with larger magnitude to be transmitted first because of a larger content of information. An algorithm is utilized by the encoder to send a value representing the maximum pixel value for a particular pixel coordinate, sorting pixel coordinates by wavelet transform coefficient values, then outputting a most significant bit of the various coefficients, using a number of sorting passes and refinement passes. to provide high quality reconstructed images utilizing a small fraction of the transmitted pixel coordinates. A user can set a desired rate or distortion by setting the number of bits to be spent in sorting passes and refinement passes. Utilizing a spatial orientation tree, as shown in Figure 1, pixel information is separated into a List of Insignificant Sets (LIS), a list of insignificant pixels (LIP), and a List of Significant Pixels (LSP). Figure 1 illustrates image 100, with a plurality of pixel sets 101, 102,, 10x therein. The spatial orientation tree is developed as known in the art, by decomposition of integer-valued or non-integer-valued wavelet transform

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(WT) coefficients. Coefficients in the LH subband of each decomposition level forms the spatial orientation tree. In this example, parent node 101 has a series of roots and offspring nodes 102-107. The LIP is a list of coordinates of insignificant pixel or WT coefficients, the LIS is a list of coordinates of tree roots with insignificant descendent sets, with multiple types of entries on the list (Type A and Type B), and the LSP is a list of coordinates of significant pixels. Sorting and partitioning of the list contents is performed as illustrated in Figure 2. The significance determination which is made in the flow chart of Figure 2 is based upon a given significance threshold entries from the LIP which are determined to be significant at 202 LSP, 203, and entries which are determined not to be significant at 202 are returned to the LIP for testing during subsequent passes. If it is determined that all LIP entries have been tested at 204, then LIS entries begin to be tested. If all LIP entries are not tested, a next LIP entry is tested for significance at 202. Assuming all LIP entries are tested, LIS entries at 205 are tested at 206 to determine whether the LIS entries are type A, which are sets of coordinates of descendants of a node, or type B if the entry represents a difference between coordinates of descendants and offspring. If the sets are determined to be type A, significance is tested at 207. If significant, the set is partitioned at 208 into offspring and descendants of offspring with offspring being tested for significance at 209. If significant, the coordinate is placed on the LSP. If insignificant, the tested offspring is moved to the end of the LIP. If the initial type A entry is determined to be insignificant at 207, the entry is returned to the LIS. Type B LIS entries are tested for significance at 210, and moved to the LIP if significant or returned to the LIS if insignificant. After each test for significance, a one is output if the entry is determined to be significant, and a zero is output if the entry is determined to be insignificant. The ones and zeros are used to indicate when a specified number of bits have been output for termination purposes. Decoding occurs in a same, but reversed fashion. Entries of each list are identified by the pixel coordinates, with the LIP and LSP representing individual pixels, and the LIS representing sets of

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coordinates, with the sets of coordinates being grouped according to their status as either coordinates of a descendent of a node of the spatial orientation tree.

Using the encoding algorithm mentioned above, sorting passes are performed until reaching the selected termination point, with an increase in sorting passes providing a decrease in distortion due to further refinement provided by more accurate significance classification. Increased sorting passes, however, requires additional time. The decoder duplicates the encoder's execution path in reverse to sort the significant coefficients, with "outputs" being changed to "inputs" for decoding, to recover appropriate ordering information. The coding method of the prior art, therefore, attempts to mathematically determine an area of the image which should have a higher fidelity or lower loss than areas of the image based upon the significance determinations. Figure 3 illustrates an important aspect of the SPIHT coding, which is repetitive sorting passes and refinement passes for a given threshold; sorting and refinement is repeated until encoding is complete. (Refer to the above-referenced articles for a more complete discussion of SPIHT coding).

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION:

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The present invention, however, is directed to an image encoding and decoding method and apparatus which enables a user to set a region-of-interest (ROI) for higher fidelity or lower loss compression than other areas of the image. The invention incorporates a new feature for ROI coding without compromising any capabilities of the image coding method into which the ROI coding is incorporated, such as progressive by fidelity, progressive by resolution, progressive by fidelity and resolution, and lossy/lossless capabilities. Furthermore, computational complexity increase due to the implementation of the invention is minimal. The encoder output according to the prior art is a bit stream with a sequential series of bits which is ordered to reduce the overall mean squared error. The invention is a method and apparatus which modifies the ordering of the bit stream output such that

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additional emphasis is placed on the region-of-interest, than other aspects of the image. In applications such as medical imaging or virtually any other type of imaging, the region of interest may not be the pixel values having the highest-ordered coefficients in a sense of reducing the MSE. The present invention, therefore, enables a user at a transmitting end or receiving end to select an appropriate region of interest which is reconstructed possibly losslessly and with a higher fidelity than the rest of the image, regardless of the importance of the region of interest in the MSE sense.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

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For a more detailed understanding of the operation of the invention, reference should be made to the attached drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 illustrates an aspect of a spatial-orientation tree, according to the prior art;

Figure 2 is a flow chart which illustrates a brief explanation of SPIHT compression according of the prior art;

Figure 3 is a summarization flow chart which illustrates the prior art;

Figure 4 is a flow chart which explains region-of-interest image coding according to the present invention;

Figure 5 is a graph which illustrates the speed of lossless reconstruction as a function of left-bit-shifts according to the present invention;

Figure 6 illustrates the PSNR performance of the present invention;

Figure 7 illustrates a result of the invention utilizing particular reconstruction rates;

Figure 8 is a photo of a lossless reconstruction of the same photo with the same region of interest as Figure 7;

Figures 9A and 9B illustrate the rate-distortion penalty associated with a coding method according to the present invention;

Figure 10 is a block diagram which illustrates a series of blocks which are utilized to implement the invention wherein ROI selection is performed on the encoding side; and

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Figure 11 is a block diagram which illustrates elements utilized to implement the invention wherein ROI selection is performed on-line.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT:

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The present invention is directed to a method and apparatus of performing still image compression wherein either a user at the transmitting side can specify what is, in his or her opinion, a region-of-interest before the encoding process, or wherein a user on the receiving side can determine the region of interest based upon the incoming bit stream and identify the desired area to place more emphasis on the region of interest during the remainder of the encoding process. In the first situation, wherein a user on the transmitting side is determining the ROI, encoding can be performed off-line. When a user on the receiving side is identifying the ROI, encoding must be performed on-line.

When the ROI is identified, only wavelet transform (WT) coefficients corresponding to the data in the ROI are scaled up by the compression method or algorithm. The compression method can be, for example, the SPIHT method of Said and Pearlman; for the purposes of this description, the SPIHT method will be referred to as an example, but this invention is not to be interpreted as being limited to SPIHT applications. The scaling up discussed previously is performed by the selected coefficients being given higher priority through a fixed number of left bit shifts, with each left bit shift corresponding to a scaling up or increase in bit significance by a factor of two in each subband. The larger number of left shifts, the higher the emphasis will be on the WT coefficients, and the more noticeable will be the speed increase of the ROI reconstruction. The encoder or decoder according to the invention, therefore, can select the region of interest, and dictate the speed with which the region of interest is reconstructed, or the amount of additional emphasis the region of interest receives with respect to the rest of the image. Referring to the invention as illustrated in Figure 4, using an SPIHT type of compression method, a sorting pass is a process beginning with an initial value or threshold of n = N. The method requires N + 1 passes to encode the

entire image up to the highest fidelity (losslessly when the wavelet decomposition is carried out through integer transform). After completing P passes (P = 0, 1,, N) of the encoding method, and transmitting the resulting output, the encoder or decoder identifies the region of interest and the appropriate WT coefficients are left shifted by S bits. It should be noted that P = 0 corresponds to the case where the region of interest is determined by the encoder. Large values of S, therefore, result in a speedy lossless reconstruction of the region of interest. Lower values of S result in a less significant speed increase with respect to the reconstruction of the region of interest, but result in a better reconstruction of the remainder of the image, or provide a better overall rate-distortion performance. By controlling the value of S, therefore, the user can control the level of importance of the region of interest relative to the remainder of the image.

Figure 4 illustrates the ROI coding of the present invention in a compression method such as SPIHT. Either before or during encoding, ROI selection occurs at 400. After ROI selection, the ROI coefficients are scaled up at 401, for a given threshold level. Sorting passes and refinement passes are performed on the ROI image data at 402 and 403, respectively. At 404, it is determined whether or not the number of passes are complete based upon the given threshold levels. If the number of passes are not complete, further sorting and refinement occurs. If the number of passes is complete, then it is determined at 405 whether the ROI data has been completely reconstructed. If not, appropriate sorting and refinement occurs for subsequent ROI image data. If the ROI is complete, then sorting and refinement passes are performed on the remainder of the image data at 406. Sorting and refinement is based upon a maximum threshold level N, a threshold level k where ROI coding begins, and the left bit shift value S.

In other words, assuming that P passes are completed, the region of interest is selected along with a value of S, and the selected ROI and S value are fed back to the encoder. In situations where P = 0, the encoder selects the ROI and S, and encoding can be performed off line or on-line. All WT

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coefficients relating to the region of interest (ROI coefficients) are then identified, and left shifted by S bits. The current significance threshold n is increased from the current value (N - P) to (N - P + S). Encoding is then resumed on ROI coefficients, and continued for S passes until the significance threshold n = N - P. Encoding is continued on all WT coefficients until threshold n < 0. It should be noted that the actual shape or outline of the region of interest is arbitrary, as long as the overall region of interest can be described or defined as a plurality of adjacent rectangles or as a non-adjacent collection of pluralities of adjacent rectangles. The region of interest can be a single region of interest, or there can be a plurality of regions of interests which can be handled in the same manner discussed herein.

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In other words, once a region-of-interest is selected, WT coefficients associated with reconstruction of the region of interest are identified in the wavelet transform domain, and only these WT coefficients are encoded/decoded according to a compression method which becomes modified to concentrate on encoding/decoding of the specified coefficients. Corresponding coefficients, therefore, are encoded/decoded at an earlier threshold cycle or earlier path than the highest priority coefficients according to the compression method such as the SPIHT. ROI coefficients are identified through tracing back of the inverse wavelet transform from the image domain to the WT coefficient domain. Inverse wavelet transformation converts image representation in the WT coefficient domain into image data in the image domain. One pixel in the image is reconstructed with a couple of WT coefficients through inverse wavelet transformation. Therefore, once the region-of-interest is specified in the image domain, WT coefficients pertaining thereto, noted as ROI coefficients, are identified by tracing back the inverse wavelet transform from the image domain to the WT domain.

The left-shifting discussed above refers to scaling the WT coefficients by a left bit shift, which corresponds to scaling by 2, 4, 8, etc., in accordance with known binary shifting. A conventional method such as the SPIHT coding algorithm handles the WT coefficients from the highest non-zero bit fields of

all coefficients (MSB), to the least significant bit (LSB). Scanning all coefficients in sequential bit depth from the MSB to the LSB as a path results in information ordering being achieved in a comparable manner. Coding the region-of-interest according to the present invention orders information by scaling up the WT coefficients pertaining to the region of interest such that they are handled or visited in an earlier path or cycle, thereby placing the ROI coefficients in an earlier portion of the encoding bit stream. The larger the left bit shift, the earlier in the bit stream the ROI coefficients are placed. Therefore, the higher the left shift value, the higher the speed of reconstruction of the region-of-interest.

When a region-of-interest is reconstructed in a lossless manner, there is no objective or subjective loss in the reconstructed region-of-interest. The amount of losslessness of the image reconstruction is based upon the wavelet transform with which the compression method generates the encoding bit stream. The encoding bit stream generates images of a wide variety of bit rates, including ones which assure losslessness of the overall image. However, if the encoding or decoding process is terminated before losslessness is assured, the reconstruction is to be considered a "lossy" reconstruction. The lower the bit rate at which the coding process is terminated, the more lossy the reconstruction result will be. Therefore, if the coding for the region of interest coefficients are terminated early, the reconstruction results of the region-of-interest would also be lossy, although with a higher level of emphasis than areas outside of the region-of-interest.

It should be noted that even when the wavelet transform is not an integer-to-integer mapping type of wavelet transform, such as a float-to-float mapping type of integer transform which is commonly called subband decomposition, QMF, etc, the region-of-interest coding according to the present invention works in the same manner as discussed above, with the exception of the fact that the reconstructed result can never be considered to be lossless, due to the fact that the wavelet transform and quantization associated therewith generates some loss which can never be recovered.

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However, with this type of wavelet transform if it is assumed that the quantization result of the wavelet transform coefficients correspond to the original information in the image, then the ROI coding system of the present invention could be considered to be lossless in this configuration. However, if real losslessness cannot be achieved for non-integer wavelet transform methods, the claimed method can be considered a highest fidelity coding method instead of a lossless coding method unless integer-transform is used.

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Figure 5 and 6 are graphs which illustrate performance results on a 512 x 512 image, with the region of interest illustrated by the rectangular section of Figure 7. The region of interest is a 128 x 128 square containing a portion of the image. Referring once again to Figure 5, it can be seen that the speed of lossless reconstruction of the region of interest varies as a function of the number of left shift values S. The figure illustrates results for two different values of p, those being p = 0 and p = 7. Figure 6 illustrates the peak signal-to-noise ratio (PSNR) performance of reconstruction of the entire image when the region of the interest is losslessly reconstructed, again with values of p = 0 and p = 7. For a fixed value of P, each point corresponding to a given value of S corresponds to the reconstruction PSNR and overall bit rate when the region of interest is losslessly reconstructed. Figure 7 is a photograph which illustrates the invention utilizing an SPIHT algorithm with a P = 7, which achieves a PSNR of 28.80 dB at 0.86 bpp. Figure 8 is a photo of a lossless reconstruction of the same photo with the same region of interest as Figure 7, with P = 7 and S = 7. The PSNR of this image is 29.22 dB at 0.389 bpp. When S = 5, lossless reconstruction of the region of interest can occur at 0.710 bpp, with a PSNR of 35.69 dB. When S = 0 (no region of interest defined), the lossless reconstruction of the entire image is achieved at 4.378 bpp, which is approximately one order of magnitude slower than with S = 7. The figures illustrate, therefore, that a region of interest coding technique according to the present invention provides an effective and flexible system for embedded ROI image encoding, with flexibility from varying levels of lossy coding all the way up to lossless ROI image coding. Lossless

reconstruction of the region of interest and an effective or "subjectively lossless" reconstruction of the remainder of the image can be achieved at a bit rate of 3-4 times smaller what is needed for lossless reconstruction of the overall image.

Figures 9(a) and 9(b) illustrate the rate-distortion penalty which is associated with a coding method and apparatus according to the present invention. These figures are graphs of the PSNR of the entire image in dB versus overall bit rate performance in bpp, for cases corresponding to P = 7 and the modified algorithms corresponding to P = 7 and P = 7 are indicated by the "+" and "O". It can be seen that up to a bit rate of 0.086 bpp, all three encoding schemes are identical. With a bit rate of higher than 0.086 bpp, the scheme with the larger P = 7 exhibits a larger rate-distortion loss compared to the conventional SPIHT method, but achieves a faster lossless reconstruction of the region of interest. The P = 7 scheme closely corresponds to the SPIHT result.

The methods discussed above include numerous embodiments for image compression wherein the selection of the region of interest can either be performed before encoding in an off-line situation, or during encoding in an on-line manner. When the region-of-interest is selected in the middle of transmission (on-line), the selection can be performed on the receiving side wherein the receiving side sends information to the encoding or transmitting side regarding the region-of-interest, and sorting and prioritization is adjusted accordingly. The on-line selection can also be performed by the encoding side, if the encoding side includes a local decoder which simulates a decoding process before transmission or storage of the data. The invention can be embodied in a computer system comprising a display, a central processing unit, memory, and appropriate communication means such as a modem and a telephone line, which are configured to provide an input means for inputting digital image data, such that the display means can display the digital image data. The computer system can be configured to function such that a

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selecting device or selecting means is connected to the display for selecting the region of interest. A sorting and prioritizing means or device can be connected to the selecting device for sorting and prioritizing the digital image data according to at least two priority categories, with digital image data corresponding to the region of interest having a higher priority than the digital image data which corresponds to areas outside of the region of interest. The communication circuitry or device can function as a transmitting device for transmitting the sorted and prioritized data to a remote location, with the transmitting device transmitting the digital image data corresponding to the region of interest with a higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest. The transmitted data is received by a receiving computer which would include a receiving means or device for receiving the transmitted data, and a reconstructing device for reconstructing the transmitted data. The reconstructing device would include a decoding device for decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data. The region of interest is reconstructed by the reconstructing device at a faster rate than the digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest. In the alternative, the region of interest can be reconstructed with a higher fidelity than areas outside of the region of interest.

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The threshold or path where region of interest coding begins can be determined at the beginning of the sorting pass on and overall image or in the middle of the sorting pass, as well as in the beginning or middle of a refinement pass, or in the beginning of the entire coding process. If it is determined in the beginning of the entire coding process, this can be done in an off-line manner. ROI selection done in the beginning of a sorting or refining pass is an interactive or on-line selection. In other words, for situations where n is equal to the ROI coding level, scaling up of the ROI coefficients occurs, and sorting passes and refinement passes are performed for n = k + s; n > k; n--.

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An alternative embodiment of a system according to the present invention would be one wherein the selection of the region of interest is

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performed based upon a partial reconstructed image which is received by the receiver after transmission from the transmitting means has begun. Based upon the partial reconstructed image, a user on the receiving end can select a region of interest, and the receiver then transmits data to the transmitting computer which identifies the selected region of interest. The transmitting computer then modifies the sorting of the digital image data based upon the selected region of interest. The digital image data corresponding to the region of interest is sorted and prioritized to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest. The modified sorted and prioritized data is then transmitted to the receiver, and the region of interest is transmitted with a higher priority than areas outside of the region of interest. The specific configuration of the computer elements to create means for performing the function specified above is within the purview of a person of skill in the art based upon the information contained in the specification.

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Figure 10 is a block diagram which illustrates a series of elements which implement the invention wherein ROI selection is performed on the encoding side. Input means or input device 110 is used for inputting digital image data into a computer or data handling apparatus. A display means or device 111 displays the digital image data. Selecting device 112 is connected to the display device, and is used to select a region of an image represented by the digital image data. Sorting and prioritizing device 113 is connected to selecting device 112, and sorts and prioritizes the digital image data according to at least two priority categories. The selected region of interest data is given a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest. Transmitting device 114 transmits the sorted and prioritized data to a remote location, with the remote location being a mass storage device, a network such as an internet or intranet, wide area network, local area network, etc. The transmitted data is received by receiving device 115, wherein the transmitted digital image data is reconstructed by reconstructing means 116 having decoding means 117,

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wherein the region of interest is reconstructed at a faster rate and/or with a higher fidelity than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest.

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Figure 11 is a block diagram which illustrates region of interest selection in an on-line manner. Input means or input device 121 inputs digital image data to a computer or other image data handling apparatus. The digital image can then optionally be displayed on display means 122, or, alternatively, may be communicated directly to sorting means or sorting device 123. The sorting device sorts the digital image data according to a mathematical sorting protocol, with the digital image data being sorted and prioritized according to a predetermined prioritization formula. Transmitting means or transmitting device 124 transmits the sorted data, and the sorting means repeats a sorting of the digital image data and the transmitting means repeats a transmission of the data. The data is received on a receiving device 125, which has display device 126 connected thereupon. The display device displays the transmitted data as a partial reconstructed image during the transmission. As the sorting device and transmitting device repeat their sorting and transmission, the reconstruction of the image progresses. A region of interest selecting means 127 is connected to receiving means 125, for selecting a region of interest based upon the partial reconstructed image. After selection of the region of interest, a region of interest transmitting device or means 128 transmits data corresponding to the selected region of interest to the sorting device 123. The sorting device modifies the sorting of the digital image data based upon the data corresponding to the selected region of interest. The digital image data corresponding to the selected region of interest is sorted and prioritized by the sorting device to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the selected region of interest.

The present invention takes the form of a computer program embodied on a computer readable medium, with the computer readable medium including floppy disks, mass storage devices such as hard drives, DRAM, CD-

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ROM, etc. The computer program controls a general purpose computer to perform the method steps noted above.

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The invention is discussed above as being implemented on a transmitting computer or device and the data is sent to a receiver or a decoding device. The invention can include configurations wherein the encoding is performed on a computer, wherein encoded image data is transmitted onto the internet for internet browsing, and decoding occurs at another computer retrieving information from the internet. The encoder and the decoder can also be disposed on a local area network (LAN) or wide area network (WAN), intranet, or can occur between a computer and a mass storage device. Applications could therefore include virtually any applications where image data transfer or storage is necessary, including telemedicine and general image archival and retrieval. The region of interest coding method and apparatus according to the invention solves bottleneck problems which occur in these applications.

The above description of the invention is for illustrative purposes only. It should be understood that the selection and reconstruction of a region of interest according to the present invention can be utilized with other types of compression methods, and that the various means which are disclosed above have numerous equivalents which would be within the scope of knowledge of a person of skill in the art. The metes and bounds of the invention are defined in the appended claims.

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CLAIMS:

1. A method of image compression, said method comprising the steps of:

providing digital image data in a computer-readable format, said digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels; selecting a region of interest of an image represented by said digital image data;

sorting and prioritizing said digital image data according to at least two priority categories, with digital image data corresponding to the region of interest having a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest; and

transmitting said sorted and prioritized digital image data to a remote location, with the digital information data corresponding to the region of interest being transmitted with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

2. A method according to claim 1, comprising the further step of: reconstructing the transmitted digital image data at the remote location, said step of reconstructing comprising the step of decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data, wherein the region of interest is reconstructed at a faster rate than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest, said faster rate being provided by said sorting and prioritizing of said digital image data corresponding to the region of interest.

3. A method according to claim 1, comprising the further step of reconstructing the transmitted digital image data, said step of reconstructing comprising the steps of

decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data, wherein the region of interest is reconstructed at a higher fidelity and lower loss than the areas outside of the region of interest, said higher fidelity and lower loss being provided by said sorting and prioritizing of said digital image data corresponding to the region of interest.

- 4. A method according to claim 1, wherein said sorting and prioritizing of said digital image data comprises shifting bits of transform coefficients corresponding to the digital image data by a predetermined amount, said predetermined amount corresponding to a desired scale-up rate for reconstruction of the region of interest.
- 5. A method for encoding and decoding an image, said method comprising the steps of:

providing digital image data in a computer-readable format, said digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels;

sorting said digital image data according to a mathematical sorting protocol, said digital image data being sorted and prioritized according to a predetermined prioritization formula;

transmitting said sorted data to a receiver, and repeating said sorting and transmitting until a partial reconstructed image appears on a display at the receiver;

selecting a region of interest based upon said partial reconstructed image;

transmitting data from said receiver to a computer transmitting data identifying the selected region of interest;

modifying the sorting of the digital image data based upon the selected region of interest, wherein digital image data corresponding to the region of interest is sorted and prioritized to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest; and

transmitting said modified sorted and prioritized data to the receiver, with said region of interest being transmitted with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

6. A system for compressing a digital image, said system comprising: input means for inputting digital image data in computer-readable format with the digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels for an image;

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display means connected to said input means for displaying the digital image data;

selecting means connected to said display means for selecting a region of interest of an image represented by said digital image data;

sorting and prioritizing means connected to said selecting means for sorting and prioritizing said digital image data according to at least two priority categories, with digital image data corresponding to the region of interest having a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest; and

transmitting means for transmitting said sorted and prioritized data to a remote location, with said transmitting means transmitting the digital image data corresponding to the region of interest with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

7. A system as recited in claim 6, further comprising: receiving means for receiving the transmitted digital image data;

reconstructing means connected to said receiving means for reconstructing the transmitted digital image data, said reconstructing means including decoding means for decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data;

wherein the region of interest is reconstructed by said reconstructing means at a faster rate than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest, with the faster rate being provided by the decoding means decoding the digital image data corresponding to the region of interest in a prioritized manner.

8. A system according to claim 6, said system further comprising:

reconstructing means connected to said receiving means for reconstructing the transmitted digital image data, said reconstructing means including decoding means for decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data;

wherein the region of interest is reconstructed by said reconstructing means at a higher fidelity than digital image data corresponding to areas 20

outside of the region of interest, with the higher fidelity being provided by the decoding means decoding the digital image data corresponding to the region of interest in a prioritized manner.

9. A system for encoding and decoding an image, said system comprising:

input means for inputting digital image data in computer-readable format with the digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels for an image;

sorting means for sorting said digital image data according to a mathematical sorting protocol, said digital image data being sorted and prioritized by said sorting means according to a predetermined prioritization formula;

transmitting means connected to said sorting means for transmitting said sorted data, wherein said sorting means repeats a sorting of said digital image data and said transmitting means repeats the transmission of said data;

receiving means for receiving said transmitted data from said transmitting means, wherein said transmitted data, said receiving means including a display means thereupon, said display means displaying said transmitted data as a partial reconstructed image during said transmission;

selecting means connected to said receiving means for selecting a region of interest of said partial reconstructed image;

region-of-interest transmitting means for transmitting data corresponding to said selected region-of-interest to said sorting means,

wherein said sorting means modifies the sorting of the digital image data based upon the data corresponding to the selected region of interest, wherein digital image data corresponding to the selected region of interest is sorted and prioritized by said sorting means to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the selected region of interest, and wherein said transmitting means transmits said modified sorted and prioritized data to the receiving means, with said selected region of

interest being transmitted with a higher priority than areas outside of the region of interest.

10. A computer program embodied on a computer readable medium, said computer program controlling a general purpose computer to perform the steps of:

displaying digital image data on a display, said digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels;

permitting a user to select a region of interest on an image represented on said display by said digital image data;

sorting and prioritizing said digital image data according to at least two priority categories, with digital image data corresponding to the selected region of interest having a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest; and

transmitting said sorted and prioritized digital image data to a remote location, with the region of interest being transmitted with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

- 11. A computer program embodied on a computer readable medium as recited in claim 10, said computer program controlling a computer at the remote location to perform the step of reconstructing the transmitted digital image data at the remote location, the step of reconstructing comprising the step of decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data, wherein the region of interest is constructed at a faster rate than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest, said faster rate being provided by said prioritizing of said region of interest.
- 12. A computer program embodied on a computer readable medium as recited in claim 10, said computer program controlling a computer at the remote location to perform the step of reconstructing the transmitted digital image data at the remote location, the step of reconstructing comprising the step of decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data, wherein the region of interest is constructed at a higher fidelity than digital image data

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corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest, said higher fidelity being provided by said prioritizing of said region of interest.

13. A computer program embodied on a computer readable medium, said computer program controlling a general purpose computer to perform the steps of:

displaying digital image data on a display, said digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels;

sorting said digital image data according to a mathematical sorting protocol, said digital image data being sorted and prioritized according to a predetermined prioritization formula;

transmitting said sorted data to a receiver, and repeating said sorting and transmitting until a partial reconstructed image appears on a display at the receiver;

selecting a region of interest based upon said partial reconstructed image;

transmitting data from said receiver to a computer transmitting data identifying the selected region of interest;

modifying the sorting of the digital image data based upon the selected region of interest, whereby digital image data corresponding to the region of interest is sorted and prioritized to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest; and

transmitting said modified sorted and prioritized data to the receiver, with said region of interest being transmitted with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

14. A method of image compression, said method comprising the steps of:

providing digital image data in a computer-readable format, said digital image data including data on values and coordinates for a plurality of pixels;

sorting and prioritizing said digital image data according to a mathematical sorting protocol, said digital image data being sorted and prioritized according to a predetermined prioritization formula; 23

transmitting said sorted data to a receiver, and repeating said sorting and transmitting as the image data is transmitted to the receiver;

selecting a region of interest of said digital image data;

modifying the sorting of the digital image data based upon the selected region of interest, wherein digital image data corresponding to the region of interest is sorted and prioritized to have a higher priority than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest; and

transmitting said modified and sorted prioritized data to the receiver, with said region of interest being transmitted with higher priority than the areas outside of the region of interest.

15. A method of image compression as recited in claim 1, wherein said step of transmitting said sorted and prioritized digital image data to the remote location includes transmitting the sorted and prioritized digital image data onto an internet, wherein said remote location is a location on the internet, wherein said method further comprises the step of

reconstructing the transmitted digital image data at the remote location, said step of reconstructing comprising the step of decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data, wherein the region of interest is reconstructed at a faster rate than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest, said faster rate being provided by said sorting and prioritizing of said digital image data corresponding to the region of interest.

16. A method of image compression as recited in claim 1, wherein said step of transmitting said sorted and prioritized digital image data to the remote location includes transmitting the sorted and prioritized digital image data onto an internet, wherein said remote location is a location on the internet, wherein said method further comprises the step of

reconstructing the transmitted digital image data at the remote location, said step of reconstructing comprising the step of decoding the sorted and prioritized digital image data, wherein the region of interest is reconstructed at a higher fidelity than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of

the region of interest, said higher fidelity being provided by said sorting and prioritizing of said digital image data corresponding to the region of interest.

- 17. A method for encoding and decoding an image as recited in claim 5, wherein said step of transmitting said sorted data includes transmitting said sorted data onto a network, wherein said receiver is a receiving computer on said network, and wherein said step of selecting the region of interest is performed at said receiving computer.
- 18. A method for encoding and decoding an image as recited in claim 17, wherein said network is an internet network.
- 19. A system for compressing a digital image as recited in claim 6, wherein said transmitting means transmits said sorted and prioritized data onto a network, wherein the remote location is a receiving computer on the network, and

wherein the receiving computer includes reconstructing means therein for reconstructing the transmitted digital image data, and wherein the region of interest is reconstructed by the reconstructing means at one of a faster rate and a higher fidelity than digital image data corresponding to areas outside of the region of interest, with the one of the faster rate and the higher fidelity being provided by the decoding means decoding the digital image data corresponding to the region of interest in a prioritized manner.

20. A system for encoding and decoding an image as recited in claim 9, wherein said transmitting means transmits said sorted data onto a network, and wherein the receiving means is a receiving computer on said network.

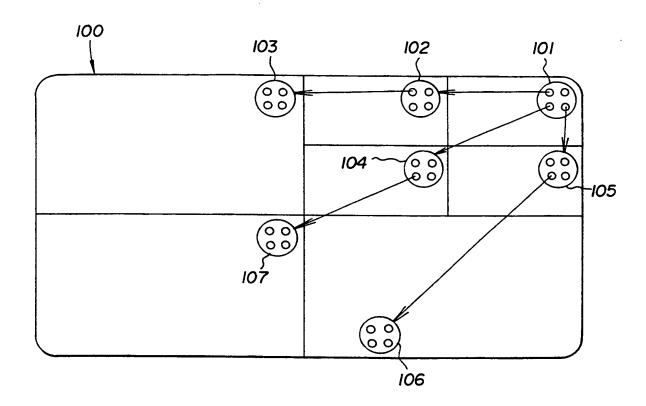
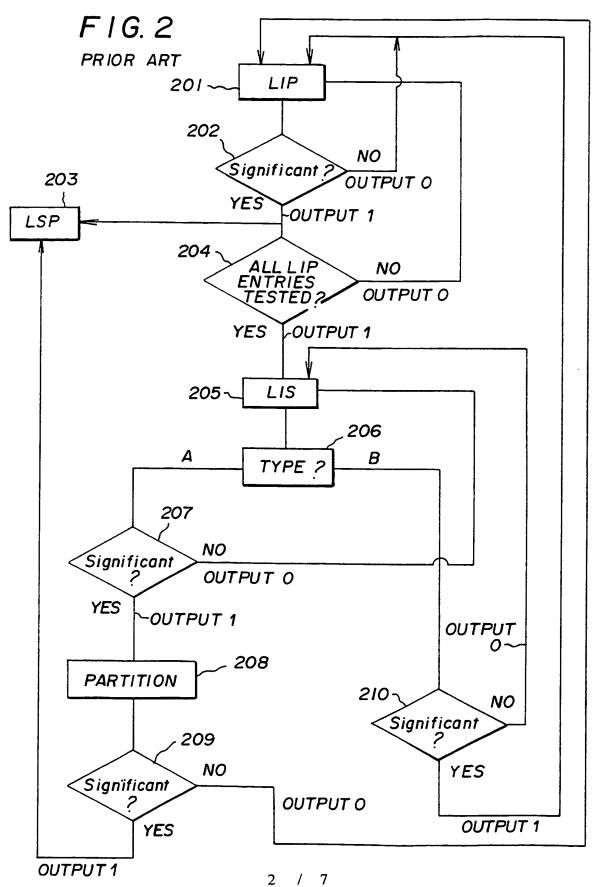
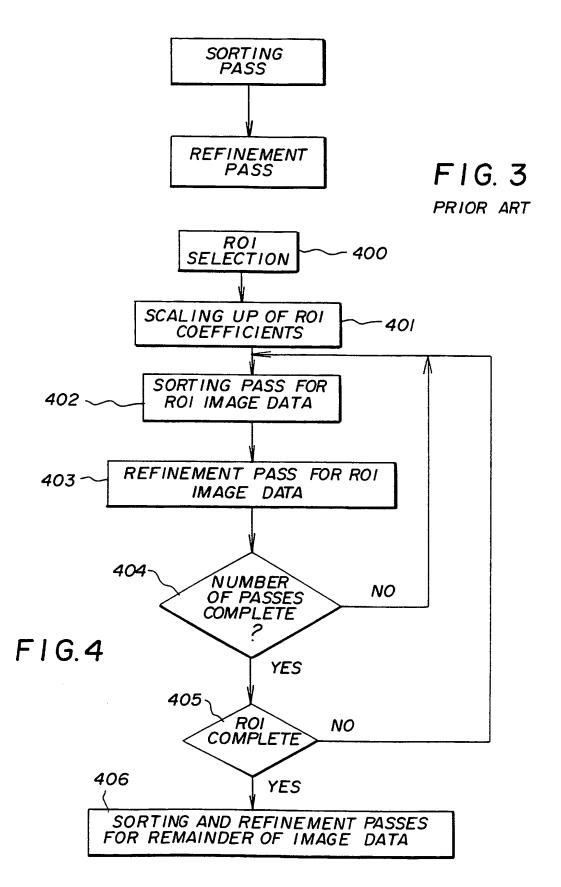


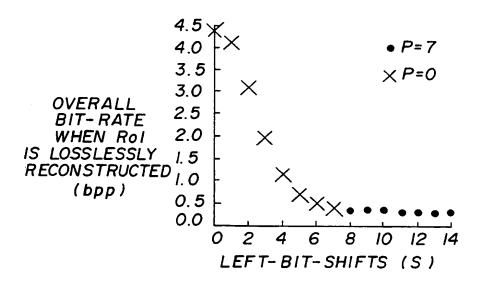
FIG. 1



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F1G. 5

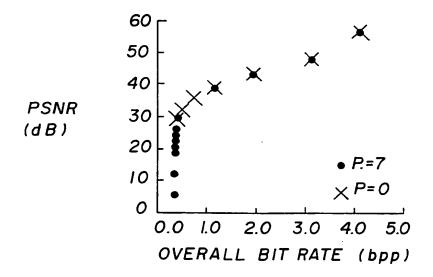


FIG. 6

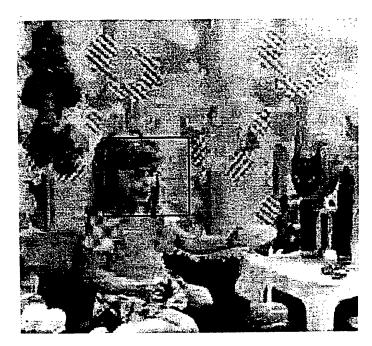


FIG. 7

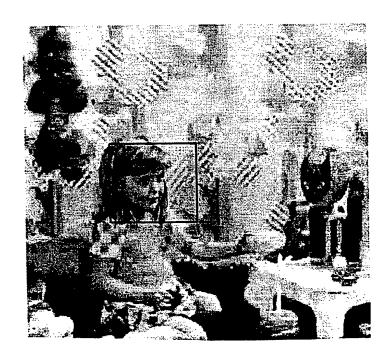
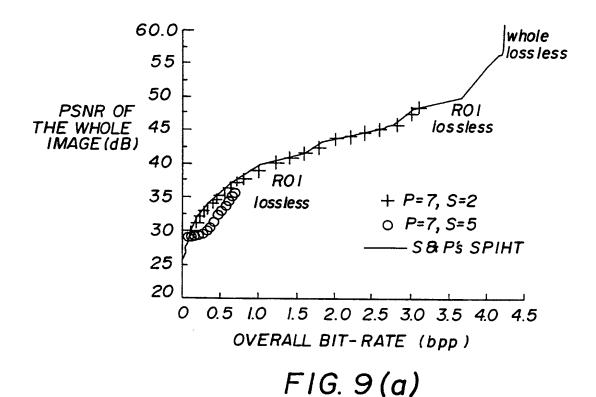
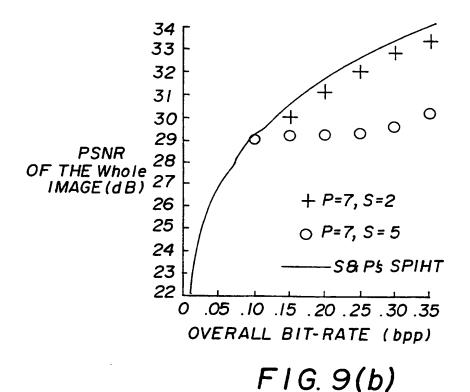
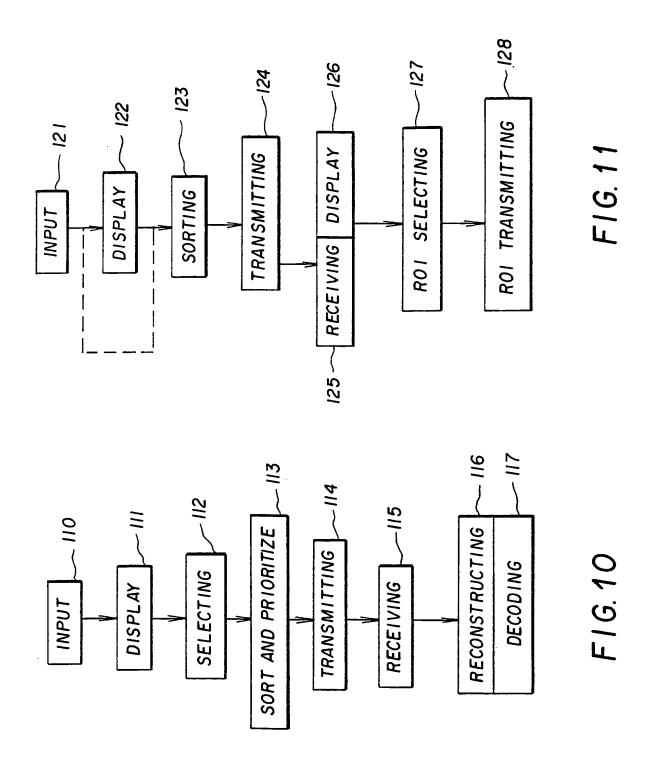


FIG. 8





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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US98/03811

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(6): G06K 9/36 US CL: 382/240 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC			
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED			
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)			
U.S. : 382/232,233,234,235,239,240,244,248; 348/397,398,400,408,423,426,430,437,438			
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched			
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) APS			
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category* Citation of document, w	vith indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
1	US 5,412,741 A (SHAPIRO) 02 MAY 1995, column 3, line 40 through column 15, line 47 and figures 1-10.		
l ' ' '	US 5,563,960 A (SHAPIRO) 08 OCTOBER 1996, see figures 1-11 and refer to column 3, line 25 through column 15, line 15.		
A US 5,586,200 A (DEVANEY ET AL.) 17 DECEMBER 1996, see figures 1-27 and refer to column 4, line 31 through column 34, line 41.			1-20
A,E US 5,748,876 A (HARDY) 05 MAY 1998, see figures 1-4 and refer to column 2, line 60 through column 6, line 16.			
Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.			
Special categories of cited documents: "I" later document published after the international filing date or priority			
"A" document defining the general state of the to be of particular relevance	art which is not considered	date and not in conflict with the appli the principle or theory underlying the	
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P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		·	
Date of the actual completion of the international search 03 JUNE 1998		Date of mailing of the international search report 12 AUG 1998	
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